FROM RECOVERY, TO REVITALIZATION

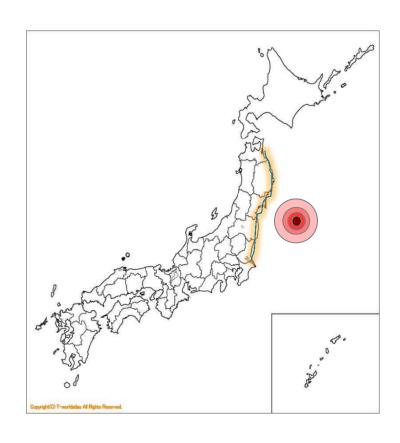
The Reconstruction Agency of Japan July 2012

The 3.11 Disaster





Immediate Impact of the 3.11 Disaster



Earthquake Magnitude: 9.0

Casualties:

Dead: over 15,800

Missing: over 3,200

Injured: over 6,000

Evacuees:

Over 342,000





Economic Damage: 16.9 trillion yen (approx. 211.3 billion dollars)

Buildings, etc.

(housing, offices, factories, machinery, etc.)

approx. **10.4 trillion yen** . (130 billion dollars)

Lifeline utilities

(water service, gas, electricity, communication and broadcasting facilities

approx. **1.3 trillion yen** (16.3 billion dollars)

Social infrastructure

(river, road, harbors, drainage, and airport, etc)

approx. **2.2 trillion yen** (27.5 billion dollars)

Others

(including agriculture, forestry and fisheries)

approx. **3.0 trillion yen** (37.5 billion dollars)

Damage Reduction

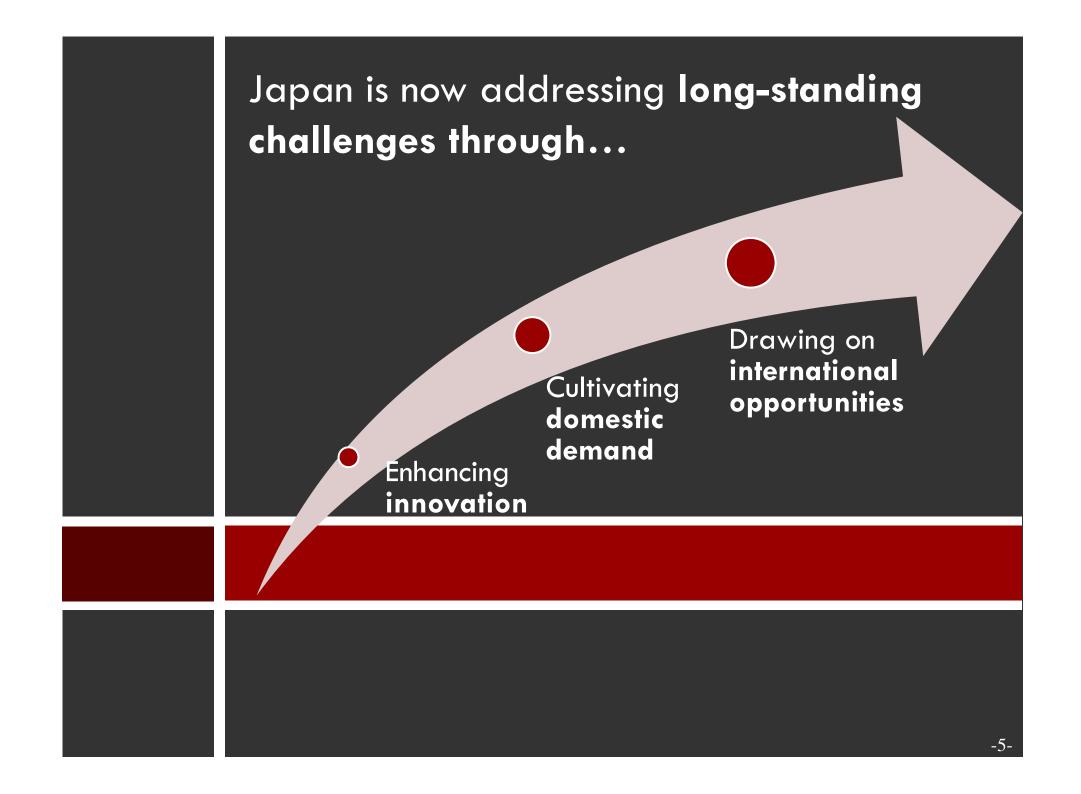
Japan's rapid response to the disaster helped minimize damage



- Quake-resistant construction and technology
- Enhanced safety and earlywarning systems on transportation
- Disaster education and preparedness







Japan's Incredible Progress





Infrastructure and Transport Network Restoration

- National highways took a mere six days to repair
- Rail services resumed full operational capability within a month

BEFORE



復興庁

AFTER



Infrastructure and Transport Network Restoration

 Sendai Airport was reconstructed with additional help from US forces. It resumed partial operations by April 2011.

BEFORE



AFTER







Supply Chain Restoration and Development

2011

2012





復興庁

Infrastructure and Transport Network Restoration

■ Over 96% of scattered debris caused by the tsunami has now been cleared from residential areas.

BEFORE



AFTER

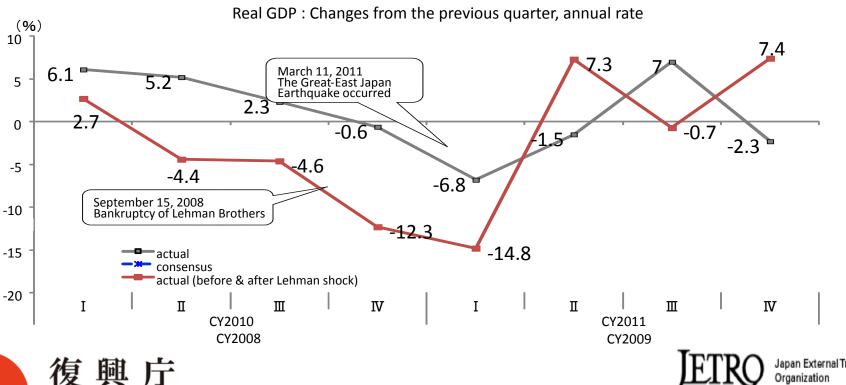






Economic Recovery

□ Japan's economy has made a significant recovery to pre-earthquake levels and continues to be stable



Reconstruction Agency Established

The Reconstruction Agency is the control tower for all reconstruction efforts nationally.

Planning and coordination of the national policies and measures for reconstruction

Supporting the efforts of afflicted local governments for reconstruction and serving as "one-stop shop" for local authorities





Outlining a **framework** for redevelopment

TIMEFRAME

• 10 years for the reconstruction period (with concentrated rapid reconstruction during the first five years)

MEASURESS TO BE IMPLEMENTED, INCLUDING:

- Recovery and reconstruction of the disaster-impacted areas and for the restoration of lives of affected people
- Efforts in areas closely connected with disaster-impacted areas
- Nationwide disaster prevention and reduction

BUDGET SCALE (estimation, national and local governments)

23 trillion in the next 10 years (19 trillion in the first 5 years)

SUPPORT FOR RECONSTRUCTION

- Create "Special Reconstruction Zones"
- Establish easy-to-use grants for implementation of reconstruction plans, formulated by local governments
- Work towards reconstruction with the private sector

Substantial **budgetary commitment** to revitalization

First Supplementary Budget(2 May 2011): 4.15 trillion yen (= 51.9 billion dollar)

Disaster relief and other measures

Removal of debris caused by the disaster

Public infrastructure projects

Loans in response to the disaster

Grants to local governments and other expenditures

482.9 billion yen(= 6 billion dollar)

351.9 billion yen(= 4.4billion dollar)

1.2 trillion yen(= 15billion dollar)

640.7 billion yen(= 8 billion dollar)

120 billion yen(= 1.5 billion dollar)

Second Supplementary Budget(25 July 2011): 1.99 trillion yen (= 24.9 billion dollar)

Compensation for damage caused by the nuclear accident

Support for people affected by the disaster

Reserve fund for recovery and reconstruction

Grants to local governments

275.4 billion yen (= 3.4 billion dollar)

377.4 billion yen(= 4.7 billion dollar)

800 billion yen(= 10 billion dollar)

545.5 billion yen(=6.8 billion dollar)

Third Supplementary Budget(21 November 2011): 12.1 trillion yen (= 151.3 billion dollar)

Reconstruction Support

11.73 trillion yen(=146.6 billion dollar)

FY 2012 Budget(5th April 2012): 90.3 trillion yen(=1.1 trillion dollar)

Reconstruction Support

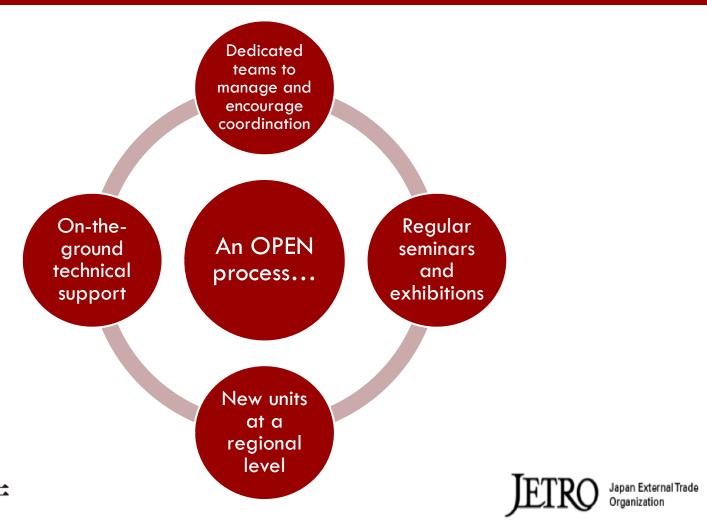
3.25trillion yen(=40.6 billion dollar)

The Open Reconstruction



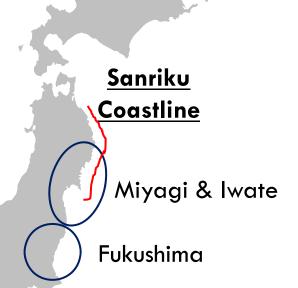


Enhancing private sector involvement:



Key Sectors and Regional Strengths

- Miyagi & Iwate: Auto and parts manufacturers (Toyota etc.)
- Fukushima: OEM manufacture and shipment
- Sanriku Coastline: Marine products







Foreign investment already started

- Amazon.com: Established a new communications centre in Sendai
- Ikea: Recently opened a new store in Tohoku
- Toys R Us: Opened new stores in the region
- GE: New branch office in Sendai





Renewable Energy & 'Mega' Solar

- Mega solar projects: 30 largescale mega solar plants by 2020
- Feed in tariff: From July, 2012 power companies required to buy renewable energy
- Development ease: Agriculture
 Ministry currently planning
 legislative changes to fast-track
 projects on unused land







Smart Communities & Future Cities

- Smart Communities:
 Renewable energy,
 Biomass etc.
- Reduced dependence on conventional energy
- Electric-vehicle (EV) systems
- Energy Management Systems (EMS)







Key Developments





New Strategy for Revitalization 2012

The 2012 Strategy For Revitalization outlines mid-to-long term targets for 2015-2020. Highlights include:

- □ Creating \$1.2 trillion of new market value and 4.24 million new jobs through key sectors such as green/clean tech, life sciences and other related industries.
- Promoting economic partnerships with overseas economies through trade agreements.
- Ending deflation and targeting an annual growth rate of 3% on average through fiscal 2020.
- Strengthening SMEs, promoting ICT, and further developing the financial sector.





Key drivers of growth















Investment Opportunities in Japan

- Innovation Hub: Japan has great potential to become a regional hub and a R&D center in Asia
- Bridge Nation: Japan plays an important role in connecting Asia with the rest of the world
- Large growth potential: huge market with the world's third largest economy







Stimulating Direct Investment

Reducing corporate tax to zero per cent for five years

Providing subsidies for private companies that are investing

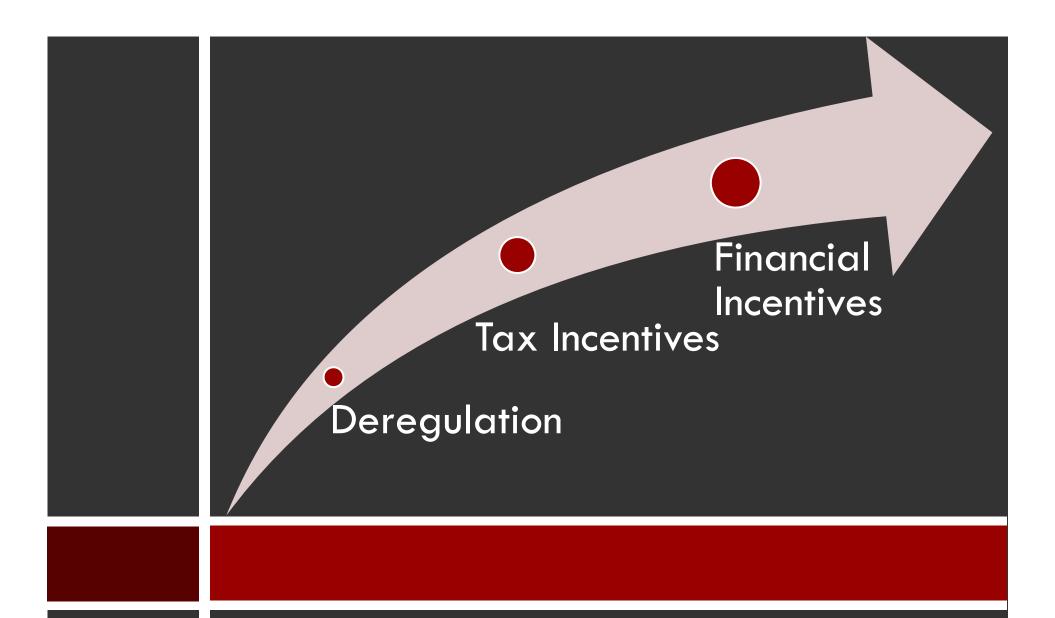
Direct

Accelerating land-use restructuring to create resilient communities

Investment







Special Reconstruction Zones will further simplify the process:

Grants for reconstruction:

- Objective: Accelerate reconstruction projects at the municipal level
- □ Commitment: A total of 23.8 billion US dollars
- □ Core targets:
 - Roads
 - Schools
 - Hospitals
 - Agricultural land

- Fisheries
- Land management
- Water management
- Resettlement





Conclusion





This is what we believe:

Revitalizing disaster hit areas will play a leading role in the emergence of a dynamic new Japan

Reconstruction efforts and revitalization of the broader Japanese economy are closely linked







These are our commitments:

Innovation **Co-operation** with international Transparency partners



JETRO's role:

JETRO, the Japan External Trade Organization, is Japan's international consultation service and is cooperating on the reconstruction investment initiative.

□ Visit: www.jetro.go.jp/en/





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